

Z/040/61/000/003/002/003
A205/A126

Air transport and nuclear energy

shipment, so that the shipper will be fully responsible for damage caused by non-compliance with these regulations. Also Czechoslovak transport regulations (Proclamation # 31/1960 Sb) make the shipper responsible for damage caused when conditions, set forth by the operator, are not complied with. However, these regulations, transferring all the liability to the shipper, are not satisfactory, since cases can arise, where properly packed and transported radioactive material becomes dangerous due to failure or damage of the aircraft. It is, therefore, obvious that this gap in international air laws must be filled by proper amendments. The first step in this direction was made by Switzerland, the USA, the German Federal Republic, and Great Britain, which demand special licenses for the shipment of radioactive material, excluding the liability of the transporter, requiring the shipper to hold insurance policies, which must be extended to cover also the liability of the transporter for nuclear damage caused by the cargo to third parties.

Card 2/2

FEJFAR, O.

FEJFAR, O. First two finds of the primate of the genus Macaca leucenœde 1799
in the territory of the Czechoslovak Republic. p. 243.

Vol. 31, no. 5, 1956.

VESTNIK.

GEOGRAPHY & GEOLOGY
Praha, Czechoslovakia

To: East European Accession, Vol. 6, no. 3, March 1957

FEJFAR, O.

A list of fossil mammals from Cave C 718 on the Zlaty kun near Koneprusy. p. 274.
(Vestnik, Praha. Vol 31, no. 6, 1956)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957. Uncl.

FEJFAR, C.

"Fossil representatives of the genus SICISTA Gray, 1827 on the territory of Czechoslovakia."

CASOPIS PRO MINERALOGII A GEOLOGII., Praha, Czechoslovakia., Vol. 4, No. 1, 1959

Monthly list of EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 7, July 1959, Unclassified

FEJFAR, Vit

"Flotation of mineral materials." Reviewed by Vit Fejfar.
Rudy 11 no.4:143-144 Ap '63.

1. UGNS, Československa akademie ved, Praha.

FEJFAR, Vit; PECHAR, Frantisek

Contribution to the analytical determination of arsenic
in ores. Chem prum 13 no.2:80-82 F '63.

1. Ustav geochemie a nerostnych surovin, Ceskoslovenska
akademie ved, Praha.

FEJFAR, Vit

"Technical analyses in metallurgy" by P.Jakovlev [Yakovlev,P],
E.F. Jakovleva [Yakovleva, E.F.], Reviewed by Vit Fejfar.
Chem prum 13-11:600 N'63
1. Ceskoslovenska akademie ved.

HEJL, Vaclav; FEJFAR, Vit

Determination of the concentration of xanthogenates in aqueous solutions. Chem prum 14 no.2: 87-89 F'64

l. Ustav geochemie a nerostnych surovin, ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha.

A
//C

Neutral 17-keto steroids from urine. Zdenek Pejfar,
Chem. Listy 42, 107-15(1948).—A review with 207 refer-
-ences.
M. Hudlický

FEJFAR Z.
(1853)---

interniho oddeleni statni v. v. nemocnice v Motole a z I. interni kliniky Karlovy univ.
Urcovani krevniho kysliku mikromethodou podle Roughtona a Scholandera Determination
of the oxygen content of blood by the micro-method of Roughton and Scholander Casopis
Lekaru Ceskych 1948, 87/40 (1045-1048) Tables 2 Illus. 1
This method (F. Biol. Chem. 1943, 148, 541) was used for more than 500 estimations;
it was found to be simple and equal in accuracy to that of Van Slyke.

Feijfar - Prague

SO: Excerpta Medica, Vol. 11, No. 4, Sect. 11 - April 1949

16

C.A.

The excretion of chlorides in patients with heart failure.
Zdeněk Fejfar, Jan Brod, and Evženie Kotanová (Charles
Univ., Prague, Czech.). *Quart. J. Med.* 19, 221-37 (1950).
—Chloride excretion was studied in 10 normal subjects and
28 cardiac patients, 19 of whom were in a state of heart
failure. Tubular reabsorption of chloride was very high in
both groups, accounting for 90-99.5% of the filtered fluid
irrespective of glomerular filtration rate and giving the im-
pression of a const. rate of reabsorption for every 100 cc. of
glomerular filtrate. In 1 normal subject the flow of urine
increased without any change in the chloride output,
probably because of increased reabsorption of chlorides
and probably induced by a previous water intake. In all
cardiac patients but 1, the chloride output increased with
diuresis. This increase was out of proportion to the simu-
laneous increase in glomerular filtration and of tubular
chloride load which was usually low. Marked differences
in chloride excretion were observed with the same tubular
output of chlorides, and possibly of Na, in cardiac patients
with failure as the result of a diminished tubular chloride
and Na load, and an almost complete reabsorption of these
electrolytes made possible by a low urine flow. The in-
crease in chloride excretion in cardiac patients during
nocturia is produced by a diminished distal tubular chloride
reabsorption, owing to a shorter contact of the chloride
with reabsorbing tubular cells. John T. Myers

Toxicity of Coronamide. Jan Brod and Zdenek Lajzar
(I. Intern., Brno, Prague). Ceské Lékařství 1950,
413-16(1950).—The administration of 2 g. of Coronamide
to 24 patients every 2-4 hrs. for 1.5-10 days caused nausea
and vomiting in 25% of patients and a transient proteinuria
and microscopic hematuria in 12.5%. A. Z.

FEJFAR, Z.; BROD, J.

Significance of neurohumoral factors in circulatory changes in
cardiac insufficiency. Sborn. lek. Praha 53 nos.5-6:99-127
Oct 1951. (CIML 21:1)

1. Of the First Clinic for Internal Diseases of Charles
University (Head — Prof. Milos Netousek, M.D.), Prague.

BROD, J.; FEJFAR, Z.; FEJAROVA, M. H.; KOTANOVA, E.

Effect of neurohumoral factors on the renal function and circulatory changes in cardiac insufficiency. Sborn. lek. Praha 53 nos.5-6:128-153 Oct 1951. (CML 21:1)

1. Of the First Clinic for Internal Diseases of Charles University (Head — Prof. Milos Netousek, M.D.), Prague.

EROD, J.; FEJFAR, Z.

Mechanism of transient increase of the cardiac output in adrenergic blockade with dibenamine. Sborn. lek. Praha 53 nos. 5-6:154-169
Oct 1951. (CIML 21:1)

1. Of the First Clinic for Internal Diseases of Charles University
(Head -- Prof. Milos Netousek, M.D.), Prague.

10) Estimation of sodium by flame photometry. M. H.
Pejšarová, Zd. Peříšar, and J. Brod (I. Interní klin., Prague).
Casopis Lékařů Českých 90, 68-72 (1951).—The av. plasma
Na concn. found in 13 healthy subjects was 134.8 ± 7.3 meq.
No discrepancies between the values found in dild. plasmas
and deproteinized plasmas were observed. Quant. recoveries
of Na, added to urine, ranged from 91.9 to 97.4%. Neither
urea nor glucose in concns. higher (6%) than those usu-
ally found in urine interfered with the estn. of Na.

Anthony Zenilek

(2)

PEJFAR, Zdenek; BROD, Jan

Role of neural factors in formation of circulatory disorders in cardiac insufficiency. Cas.lek.cesk. 91 no.36:1033-1037 5 Sept 52.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho v Praze (reditel prof. MUDr Klement Weber).

(CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES, physiology,
nervous system, role in circ. disord. in cardiac insuff.)
(NERVOUS SYSTEM, in various diseases,
heart insuff., role of circ. compl.)

FEJFAR, Zdenek
EROV, Jan; *FEJFAR, Zdenek; FEJFAROVA, M.H.*

Mechanism of action of mercurial diuretics. Cas.lek.cesk. 91
no.39: 1110-1113 26 Sept 52.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho v Praze 0 (reditel prof.
MUDr Klem. Webster).

(DIURETICS, MERCURIAL, effects,
mechanism of action)

FEJFAR Z., BROD J. and FEJFAŘOVÁ M. N.

1. klin. chor. vnitřn. Karlovy Univ., Praha. *0 mechanismu účinku rtutových diuretik.
The mechanism of action of mercurial diuretics SBORN. LÉK. 1953, 55/3 (61-91) Tables
1 Illus. 12

Investigations were carried out in 12 subjects, 7 of whom received mercurophylline ("novurit") consisting of 75% of a mercury compound plus 25% of theophylline-ethylenediamine, by the i.v. route, while the other 5 received mercuramide ("neptal"), a pure Hg compound, by the i.m. route. Increase in urine flow was not preceded by haemodilution, nor by any increase in right auricular pressure, as would happen if the diuretic effect were due to a primary shift of fluid from the extravascular to the intravascular compartment. On the contrary, increase in urine flow was always accompanied by haemoconcentration which was thought to be a consequence of primary renal action of the mercurial diuretic and of a loss of fluid from blood into urine. The increase in urine flow occurred irrespective of any changes in renal plasma flow, renal fraction or glomerular filtration and the filtration pressure in the glomerular capillaries (filtration fraction) remained unaffected. Increase in urine flow was due to a diminished tubular reabsorption of salt and water. Decrease of tubular reabsorption of salt was always slightly higher than the decrease in tubular reabsorption of water; this suggests that the increased excretion of water is an osmotic effect of the increased excretion of electrolytes. In 2 subjects more than 13% of filtered electrolyte was excreted in the urine. Mercury interferes with proximal tubular reabsorption and the final diuretic effect depends on how the distal tubule is able to deal with the increased water and salt load.

Fejfar - Prague

SO: EXERPTA MEDICA, Section II Vol. 7 No. 11

PREROVSKY, I.; FEJFAR, Z.; FEJFAROVA, M.; MALA, V.; WIDIMSKY, J.; LINHART, J.

Effort tests in adolescents. Pediat. listy, Praha 9 no.5:276-
280 Sept-Oct 54.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha-Krc, reditel. prof.
MUDr. K.Weber
(CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, function tests
effort test in adolescents)

ZAJIC, F.; FEJFAR, Z.; FRANO, L.; BROD, J.

Impedance plethysmography. Chekh. fisiol. 3 no.3:355-361 1954.
(PLETHYSMOGRAPHY,
impedance plethysmography)

VEJFAR, Zdenek, Dr.

Recognizing mitral insufficiency. Prakt. lek., Praha 34 no.24:
541-545 20 Dec 54.

1. Z Ustavu pro choroby obehy krevniho, reditel prof. Dr. K.Weber.
(MITRAL VALVE, diseases
insuff., diag., differ. diag. from mitral stenosis)
(MITRAL STENOSIS, differ. diagnosis
mitral valve insuff.)

FEJFAR, Zdenek; LINHART, Jiri; PREROVSKY, Ivan

Modification of orthostatic reaction during convalescence following myocardial infarction. Cas lek cz 93 no.16:425-433 Ap '54. (EMAL 3:7)

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, reditel prof. MUDr Klement
Weber. (MYOCARDIAL INFARCT, physiology,
*orthostatic reaction during convalescence)

FENOL, Vladimir, MUDr; BROD, Jan, Dr; FMJFAR, Zdenek, MUDr

Effect of adrenergic block with dinenamine on blood pressure and
on skin temperature in hypertension. Cas.lek.cesk. 93 no.27:729-
737 Jl '54.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehm krevniho, Praha-Krc (reditel: prof.
Dr Kl. Weber)

(HYPERTENSION, therapy,

*dibenamine, eff. on blood pressure & skin temperature)

(SYMPATHOLYTICS' therapeutic use,

*dibenamine in hypertension, eff. on blood pressure &
skin temperature)

(BODY TEMPERATURE,

*eff. of dibenamine on skin temperature in ther. of
hypertension)

FEJFAR, Zd; WIDIMSKY, J. s techn. spolupraci M.MATOUSKOVE a F.L.SZRKY.

Orthostatic electrocardiogram in convalescents following
myocardial infarction. Cas. lek. cesk. 93 no.43:1188-1194
22 Oct 54.

1. Z Ustavy pro choroby obehu krevniho (red. prof. MUDr Kl. Weber)
(MYOCARDIAL INFARCT,
convalescence, ECG in)
(ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY, in various diseases,
myocardial infarct convalescence)

PREROVSKY, I.; LINHART, J.; VEJFAR, Z.

Reflex regulation of peripheral circulation in man. I. Role
of veins in regulation of blood supply to muscles and skin.
Cesk. fysiol. 4 no.2:163-170 May 55.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha.
(BLOOD PRESSURE, physiology
eff. of increase venous pressure on vasomotor
reactions in musc. & skin)
(MUSCLES, blood supply,
vasomotor reactions in increased venous pressure)
(SKIN, blood supply,
vasomotor reactions in increased venous pressure)

FEJFAR, Z.; ZAJIC, Fr.; HERCMAN, K.; FEJFAROVA, M.H.

Impedance plethysmography. Cas. lek. cesk. 44 no.10:252-254 4 Mar 55.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, red. prof. Dr. Kl. Weber.
(PLETHYSMOGRAPHY
impedance)

FEJFAR, ZDENEK

FEJFAR, Zdenek; ZAJIS, Frantisek

Clinical value of impedance plethysmography. Cas. lek. cesk. 44
no.11:282-290 11 Mar 55.

1. Z ustanu pro choroby obehu krevniho, red. prof., Dr. Kl. Weber.
(PLETHYSMOGRAPHY
impedance, clin. value)

LINHART, J.; PREROVSKY, I.; FEJFAR, Z.; Technical Collaboration:
M. Matouskova

Reflex adaptation of the peripheral circulation in man. II.
Active cholinergic dilatation of the muscle blood vessels.
Physiol. bohem. 5 no.2:234-243 1956.

1. Presented in abbreviated form to the General Section of the
J. F. Purkyne Medical Association, Feb. 7, 1954 and at the Congress
of Czechoslovak Physicians and Endocrinologists, Prague, May 27,
1954. Institute for Cardiovascular Diseases, Prague.
(SYMPATHOLYTICS, effects,
dibenamine nerve block on vasmotor funct. in man)
(ATROPINE, effects,
nerve block on vasmotor funct. in man)
(GANGLIA, AUTONOMIC, physiology,
eff. of stellate ganglion block on vasmotor funct. in
man)
(ANESTHESIA, REGIONAL, effects,
atropine, dibenamine & procaine nerve block & stellate
ganglion block on vasmotor funct. in man)
(BLOOD VESSELS, physiology,
vasomotor responses to atropine, dibenamine & procaine
nerve blocks & stellate ganglion block in man)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Human and Animal Physiology - Blood Circulation. T-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 31697

Author : Widimsky, J., Fejfar, Z.

Inst :

Title : Concerning Nerve Influences on an Electrocardiogram.

Orig Pub : Vnitrní lekarství, 1957, 3, No 5, 406-413

Abstract : In persons with neuro-circulatory asthenia, changes of the ST interval were found not only in the upright but also in the prone position. An auditory stimulus caused changes of ECG analogous to orthostatic. Reflector changes during orthostatic reaction are connected with the flow of venous blood into the heart with the stimulation of the baroreceptors of the right heart and of the contiguous great vessels. This stimulation causes reflector changes of ECG known as sympatheticotonic changes of the ST interval and the P wave.

Card 1/1

FEJFAR, Z.

Ucebnič fysiologie pro studujici lekarství (Textbook of Physiology for Medical Students); a book review.

p. 446 (CESKOSLOVENSKA FYSIOLOGIE) Vol. 6, no. 3, Aug. 1957,
Praha, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 3,
March 1958

FEJFAR, Zdenek; FEJFAROVA, M.

Current status of cardiac catheterization. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.21:
649-656 23 May 58.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha-Krc. Reditel: prof. MUDr.
K. Weber. Zd. F., Praha-Krc, Budejovicka 800.
(CATHETERIZATION, CARDIAC
review (Cz))

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 18 Vol 3/8 Cardio. Dis. Aug 59

1951. **Haemodynamic changes in cardiac insufficiency** Hemodynamické zmeny pri srdeční nedostatečnosti. FEJFAR Z. Ust. pro Chor. Obchu Krevního, Krč Cas. Lek. čes. 1958, 97/37 (1158—1165) Graphs 5 Illus. 3

The results are presented of acute (on experimental animals) and chronic cardiac failure (observations on patients) including a detailed survey. The author emphasizes that the haemodynamic changes described (unequal vasoconstriction in the arterial and venous beds, normal blood supply to the cardiac muscle, etc.) develop whenever in the organism an imbalance between O₂ requirement and supply arises. It is postulated that a neurohumoral mechanism, originating in the myocardium, seems to be responsible for this control action.

Fronek — Prague (XVIII, 6*)

FEJFAR, Z.; ZAJIC, Fr.; FEJFAROVA, M.

Experimental pulmonary edema. I. Hemodynamic changes. Cesk. fysiol.
8 no.3:185 Apr 59.

1. Ustav pro choroby chehu krevniho, Praha. Predneseno na III.
fysiologickych dnech v Brne dne 13. 1. 1959.

(PULMONARY EDEMA, exper.)

hemodynamic eff. in dogs (Cz))

(BLOOD PRESSURE, physiol.)

eff. of exper. pulm. edema in dogs (Cz))

ZAJIC, F.; FUJAR, Z.; VEJFAROVA, M.

Experimental alloxan pulmonary edema. II. Respiratory changes.
Cesk. fysiolog. 8 no.3:262 Apr 59.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha. Predneseno na III.
fysiologickych dnech v Brne dne 13. 1. 1959.

(ALLOXAN, eff.
exper. pulm. edema, resp. changes (Cz))
(PULMONARY EDEMA, exper.
alloxan-induced, resp. changes (Cz))

DEJDAR, R.; WIDIMSKY, J.; VALACH, A.; FEJFAR, Z.; BERGMANN, K.

Radiological changes in cor pulmonale & their diagnostic significance.
Cas. lek. cesk. 98 no.21:654-661 22 May 59.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha-Krc, reditel prof. dr. Weber.
Ustav pro vyzkum tuberkulozy, Praha-Bulovka. R.D., Praha-Krc, Budejovicka
800.

(PULMONARY HEART DISEASE, manifest.
x-ray changes, diag. significance (Cx))

ZAJIC, F.; FEJFAR, Z.; FEJFAROVA, M.; HLAVOVA, A.

Investigation of manifestations of cardiac insufficiency. Rev. czech.
med. 8 no.3:152-158 '62.

1. Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Prague; Director: Academician
K. Weber.

(HEART FAILURE, CONGESTIVE) (PULMONARY EDEMA)

FEJFAR, Z.; ZAJIC, F.; FEJFAROVA, M.

Cardiopulmonary function during adrenergic beta receptor blockade. Cor vasa 7 no.4:273-286 '65.

1. Institute for Cardiovascular Research, Prague.

ZAJIC, F., FEJFAROVA, M., HLAVOVA, A.; with the technical assistance of
JOSIFKOVA, B.; VOJTOVA, M.

Experimental pulmonary edema produced by alloxan. III. Haemodynamic
and respiratory changes in vagotomised dogs. *Cor Vasa* 4 no.1:42-52
'62.

1. Institute for Cardiovascular Research, Prague.
(PULMONARY EDEMA exper) (ALLOXAN toxicol)
(VAGOTOMY exper) (RESPIRATION physiol)
(BLOOD CIRCULATION physiol)

ZAJIC, F.; FEJFAR, Z.; FEJFAROVA, M.; HLAVOVA, A.

Investigation of manifestations of cardiac insufficiency. Rev. czech.
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1. Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Prague; Director: Academician
K. Weber.
(HEART FAILURE, CONGESTIVE) (PULMONARY EDEMA)

F I L E A R K - V A , A L . M.

ND ✓ Estimation of sodium by flame photometry. M. H.
Pejšatová, Zd. Pejšer, and J. Brod (I. Interní klin., Prague).
Časopis Lékařů Českých 90, 66-72 (1951).—The av. plasma
Na concn. found in 13 healthy subjects was 134.8 ± 7.3 meq.
No discrepancies between the values found in dried plasmas
and deproteinized plasmas were observed. Quant. recoveries
of Na, added to urine, ranged from 91.9 to 97.4%. Neither
urea nor glucose in concns. higher (8%) than those usually
found in urine interfered with the estn. of Na.

Anthony Zenisek

(2)

HROD, Jan; YEJFAR, Zdenek; FEJFAROVA, M.H.

Mechanism of action of mercurial diuretics. Cas.lek.cesk. 91
no.39: 1110-1113 26 Sept 52.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho v Praze 0 (reditel prof.
MUDr Klem. Webster).

(DIURETICS, MERCURIAL, effects,
mechanism of action)

FEJFAROVÁ M. H., FEJFAR Z. AND FRUD J.

1. klin. chor. vnitřn. Karlovy Univ., Praha. *0 mechanismu účinku rtutových diuretik.
The mechanism of action of mercurial diuretics SEORN. LEK. 1953, 55/3 (61-91) Tables
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Investigations were carried out in 12 subjects, 7 of whom received mercurophylline ('novurit') consisting of 75% of a mercury compound plus 25% of theophyllineethylenediamine by the i.v. route, while the other 5 received mercuramide ('neptal'), a pure Hg compound, by the i.m. route. Increase in urine flow was not preceded by haemodilution, nor by any increase in right auricular pressure, as would happen if the diuretic effect were due to a primary shift of fluid from the extravascular to the intravascular compartment. On the contrary, increase in urine flow was always accompanied by haemoconcentration which was thought to be a consequence of primary renal action of the mercurial diuretic and of a loss of fluid from blood into urine. The increase in urine flow occurred irrespective of any changes in renal plasma flow, renal fraction or glomerular filtration and the filtration pressure in the glomerular capillaries (filtration fraction) remained unaffected. Increase in urine flow was due to a diminished tubular reabsorption of salt and water. Decrease of tubular reabsorption of salt was always slightly higher than the decrease in tubular reabsorption of water; this suggests that the increased excretion of water is an osmotic effect of the increased excretion of electrolytes. In 2 subjects more than 13% of filtered electrolyte was excreted in the urine. Mercury interferes with proximal tubular reabsorption and the final diuretic effect depends on how the distal tubule is able to deal with the increased water and salt load.

Fejfar - Prague

SO: EXCERPTA MEDICA, Section II Vol. 7 No. 11

BROD, J.; FUJAROVA, M.; CHYTIL, M.

Hemodynamic and renal changes in osmotic diuresis. Chekh. fisiol.
3 no.2;161-181 1954.

1. Institut bolesney krovoobrashcheniya Praga-Krch, 2, terapeuti-
cheskaya klinika universiteta im. Karla IV, Praga.

(DIURESIS,

kidney hemodynamic & funct. changes in osmotic diuresis)

(KIDNEYS, physiology,

funct. & hemodynamic changes in osmotic diuresis)

PREROVSKY, I.; FEJFAR, Z.; FEJFAROVA, M.; MALA, V.; VIDIMSKY, J.; LINHART, J.

Effort tests in adolescents. Pediat. listy, Praha 9 no.5:276-
280 Sept-Oct 54.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha-Krc, reditel. prof.
MUDr. K.Weber
(CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM, function tests
effort test in adolescents)

FEJFAROVÁ, M. I.

FEJFAR, Z.; ZAJIC, Fr; BERGMAN, K.; FEJFAROVÁ, M. I.

Impedance plethysmography. Cas. lek. česk. 44 no.10:252-254 4 Mar 55.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevního, red. prof. Dr. Kl. Weber.
(PLETHYSMOGRAPHY
impedance)

FEJFAR, Zdenek; FEJFAROVA, M.

Current status of cardiac catheterization. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.21:
649-656 23 May 58.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha-Krc. Reditel: prof. MUDr.
K. Weber. Zd. F., Praha-Krc, Budejovicka 800.

(CATHETERIZATION, CARDIAC
review (Cz))

FEJFAR, Z.; ZAJIC, Fr.; FEJFAROVA, M.

Experimental pulmonary edema. I. Hemodynamic changes. Cesk. fysiol.
8 no.3:185 Apr 59.

I. Ustav pro choroby chehu krevniho, Praha. Predneseno na III.
fysiologickych dnech v Brne dne 13. 1. 1959.

(PULMONARY EDEMA, exper.

hemodynamic eff. in dogs (Cz))

(BLOOD PRESSURE, physiol.

eff. of exper. pulm. edema in dogs (Cz))

ZAJIC, F.; FEJVAR, Z.; FEJVAROVA, M.

Experimental alloxan pulmonary edema. II. Respiratory changes.
Cesk. fysiol. 8 no.3:262 Apr 59.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha. Predneseno na III.
fysiologickych dnech v Brne dne 13. 1. 1959.

(ALLOXAN, eff.

exper. pulm. edema, resp. changes (Cx))

(PULMONARY EDEMA, exper.

alloxan-induced, resp. changes (Cx))

FEJFAROVA, M.

Ca radiology in Latin America. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.20:Lek Veda
Zahr:115-120 19 My '61.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, t. c. Zeneva, 3. rue du Vidollet.

(CARDIOLOGY)

FEJFAROVA, M.

Some cardiological problems in Africa. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.24/25:
Lek Veda Zahr:136-142 23 My '61.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, t. o. Zeneva, 3 rue du Vidollet.

(CARDIOLOGY)

FEJFAROVA, M.

Some observations on cardiology in India, Thailand, Singapore,
Philippines, Australia and New Zealand. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no. 46:Lek
Veda Zahr 259-264. 17 N '61.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho, Praha-Krc, prednosta akademik
Kl. Weber.

(CARDIOLOGY)

FEJFAROVA, M.

Modern Japanese cardiology. Cas.lek.cesk 101 no.3:Lek Veda Zahr 21-24
19 Ja '62.

1. Ustav pro choroby obehu krevniho v Praze.

(CARDIOLOGY)

FEJFAROVA, M.

Arterial hypertension and ischemic heart disease. Possibilities
of prevention. Cas. lek. cesk. 102 no.27/28:729-739 8 Jl '63.

(HYPERTENSION) (CORONARY DISEASE)
(ANGINA PECTORIS) (MYOCARDIAL INFARCT)
(HYPERLIPIDEMIA)

FEJFAR, Z.; ZAJIC, F.; FEJFAROVA, M.

Cardiopulmonary function during adrenergic beta receptor blockade. Cor vasa 7 no.4:273-286 '65.

1. Institute for Cardiovascular Research, Prague.

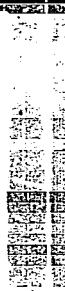
Feigin, J.

Varnish resins of the Super-Becacite type. S. Rubin and
I. Feigin. *Premysl Chem.* 9, 237-40 (1933) (English sum-
mary). A discussion of synthesis, the properties, and the
application of 100% phenoformaldehyde varnish of the
Super-Becacite type, based on *p*-alkylphenol, is given.
Gene A. Wozny — *ASW*

J.

2447° Cyclohexanone Formaldehyde Lacquer Resins (Lakier na hekseenonowo-formaldehydowa sywka) S. Rubin and I. Feigin. Przemysl chemiczny, v. 3, no. 7, July 1954, p. 305-309. Optimum conditions for condensation; properties of lacquers based on cyclohexanone resins. Tables. 13 ref.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412820



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412820C

FEJGIN, J.

✓1158

Fejgin J. Production of Refractory Silicon Lacquers.

681.718.5 : 667.624.65

"Otrzymywanie silikonowych lakierów zarośodpornych". Przemysł
Chemiczny, No. 8, 1955, pp. 510-518, 8 tabs.

Synthesis of phenyltrichlorosilane from silicon tetrachloride and phenylmagnesium bromide, and of phenylmethyldichlorosilane from methyltrichlorosilane and phenyl magnesium bromide was investigated to ascertain the relation between yield and molar ration of the reagents. The best results were obtained with a .0 per cent surplus of C_6H_5MgBr . A simple method of silane hydrolysis was used. When eliminated generation of the product even at such a low R:Si ratio as 1:1. An examination was made of the influence of the ratios R:Si (within the limits of 1.7:1 to 1:1) and $C_6H_5 : CH_3$ (within the limits of 2:1 to 0.5:1) on the properties of silicon resins and lacquers, obtained from a monomer mixture. The findings are in agreement with literature and demonstrate that the hardening temperature of the lacquers falls as the quantity of organic radicals is diminished and the phenyl group content raised at the expense of methyl groups. When, however, the R:Si ratio is too low (below 1.2:1) the mechanical properties of a lacquer coating show a marked deterioration.

M. A. YOUTZ

Scop. es

Chem

PM

Distr: 4E2c(j)/4E3d

(35)
//
n-Butoxychlorosilanes. I. Feigin, M. Tomaszewicz,
and W. Zobedzowski (Inst. Twórczyw. Sztucznych, Warsaw).
Przemysł Chemiczny, 34, 193-201 (1965) (English summary).
—A lab. method for the prepn. of *n*-butoxychlorosilanes
from CCl_4 and BuOH is described and the compn. of the
reaction product (depending on the ratio $\text{SiCl}_4\text{-}\text{BuOH}$
ranging from 1:0.5 to 1:2.8) is given. Thus, to 3 moles
 SiCl_4 in a 1000 ml. Witt flask was added dropwise BuOH
while stirring (room temp.) and the HCl formed exhausted
by suction. After 3-4 hrs. the *n*-butoxychlorosilanes were
sepd. by distn. L. G. Maniting

5
2 May
2

Feigin, J.

3002

1
M. A. YOUTZ

scop:cs

9016* New Views on the Mechanism of Synthesis and on
the Structure of Organic Silicon Macromolecular Compounds.
Nowe poglądy na mechanizm powstawania i strukturę krz-
moorganicznych związków wielkokzątekowych. (Polish.)
J. Feigin. Przemysł Chemiczny, v. 12, no. 3, Mar. 1956, p.

Results of fractionation of polydiethylsiloxane, including mol.
wt. and character of each fraction. Effect of thermal hydrolysis
of chlorosilanes. Study of the product of hydrolysis of
 C_2H_5SiCl . Characteristics of Si polymers. Tables. 12 ref.

PM *sent*

FEJGIN, J.

Distr: 4E2c(j)/4E3d
✓ Modern views on the mechanism of the synthesis and the
structure of macromolecular organic silicon compounds
I. Felin (Inst. Tworz. Satuczn., Warsaw). *Priemy*
CHEM. 35, 130-41 (1980). A literature review of the more re-
cent literature, stressing especially the Soviet contributions.
12 references. Werner Jacobson

3
2 may
2

QAF

J. FEIGIN

3
2 May
HERC (j)

¹⁶
~~Dependence of properties of poly(phenyl methyl siloxane) resins on their structure.~~ J. Feigin (Inst. Polymeric Products, Warsaw). *Przemysl. Chem.* 35, 325-7 (1958) (English summary). —(Ph)(Me)SiCl₃ (I), PhSiCl₃ (II), and MeSiCl₃ (III) were hydrolyzed in presence of BuOH and then heat-polymerized under controlled conditions. Ratio of methyl plus phenyl radicals to Si was const., 1.2:1. The ratios Ph:Me were changed between 1:0.64 and 1:1.55. It was found that an increase in ratio Ph:Me causes an increase in softening point of polymer, a decrease in its setting time, a diminishing in its elasticity, a decrease of its solv. in toluene, and an increase of its mol. wt. Czeslaw Pankiewicz

Fejgin, J.

H-25

Country	: POLAND
Category	: Chemical Technology. Fats and Oils. Waxes. Soaps
Abs. Jour	: and Detergents. Plotation Agents. Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 14, 1959, No 51284
Author	: Fejgin, J.; Tomaszewicz, M.; Zakrzewski, L.
Institute	: Obtainment of Water Emulsions Made with
Title	Silicone Oil
Orig Pub.	: Przem. chem., 1958, 37, No 5, 357-358
Abstract	: Silicone oils used in the hydrophobization of pharmaceutical glass and in the obtainment of antiadhesive coverings in casting of plastmasses, in vulcanization, and in other forming processes, may be employed in the form of dilute solutions with organic solvents (benzene, toluene, xylene, chloroform, and others). However, it is more economical to use water emulsions of silicone oils. A method of obtaining water solutions of polymethylsilicone

emulsions in water containing water solutions of polymethylsilicone

Card: 1/2

H-25

Country :
Category : Chemical Technology.

Abs. Jour : Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 14, 1959, No 51284

Author :
Institute :
Title :

Orig Pub. :

Abstract : (7500 molecular weight, 0.972 specific gravity)
Con'd was developed in the Warsaw Institute of
Plastics. This method employs 4 different
brands of emulsifiers. In the initial emulsi-
fication stage an emulsion of water in oil is
obtained. The latter is then converted into
an emulsion of oil in water and after an
appropriate dilution (10 times) it is passed
through a colloid mill. -- L. Sedov

FEIGIN, A. J.

S/191/60/000/005/016/020
B004/B064

AUTHORS: Feigin, E., Zakrzewski, L. (People's Republic of Poland)

TITLE: Methods of Rating Some Properties of Polyformaldehyde

PERIODICAL: Plasticheskiye massy, 1960, No. 5, pp. 60-63

TEXT: The authors describe simple methods of determining the properties of polyformaldehyde, a polymer not marketed until 1959: 1) The thermal stability is determined by measuring the loss in weight of a weighed portion in a nitrogen current at given temperature and time of heating. A weighed portion of 0.45-0.60 g, a temperature of $(210 \pm 0.6)^{\circ}\text{C}$, a velocity of the nitrogen current of 2-3 m/sec, three times weighing at intervals of 10 minutes, and calculation of the mean value K_m of the weight loss proved to be optimum. 2) The intrinsic viscosity was determined by the Ubbelohde viscosimeter at concentrations of the polyformaldehyde solution in dimethyl formamide of 0.5 g/100 ml, dissolution occurred at 150°C , and the viscosity was measured at 140°C . The intrinsic viscosity $[\eta]$ is calculated by the equation of Huggins with the constant being equal to 0.72. 3) Fusibility

Card 1/2

Methods of Rating Some Properties of
Polyformaldehyde

S/191/60/000/005/016/020
B004/B064

was determined at 190°C with a plastometer. The amount a of polymer pressed out of the plastometer in one minute is weighed. The coefficient of fusibility T is found to be $T = a \cdot 10$. Technically pure polyformaldehyde should have the following values: $K_m < 0.8$, $[\eta] = 0.4 - 2.0$, $T = 4 - 30$.

The authors established a relationship between $[\eta]$ and T (at low $[\eta]$), T rises). There is, however, no relationship between $[\eta]$ and K_m . In samples with high $[\eta]$, K_m was frequently found to be low. There are 1 figure, 7 tables, and 10 non-Soviet references.

Card 2/2

TOMASZEWCZ, Maria; EWGIN, Jerzy; ZAKRZEWSKI, Lech

Studies on the polymerization of gaseous formaldehyde to high-molecular products. Przem chem 39 no.8:509-513 Ag '60.

1. Instytut Tworzyw Sztucznych, Warszawa.

P/014/60/039/009/010/011
A224/A026

AUTHORS: Fejgin, Jerzy; Tomaszewicz, Maria

TITLE: Experiments on the Supplementary Thermal Stabilization of Polyformaldehyde

PERIODICAL: Przemysł Chemiczny, 1960, Vol. 39, No. 9, pp. 572 - 573

TEXT: This is a report on experiments conducted to determine the influence of some organic compounds, such as urea derivatives, hydrazine and phenols, upon the thermal stability of polyformaldehyde. The purpose of the investigation was to find a substance, abundant in the country, to be used as the formaldehyde stabilizer. The polymer, obtained by polymerizing gaseous formaldehyde, was mechanically mixed with various substances and then tested. The results are compiled in 3 tables. They indicate that urea in the amount of 3% of the polymer is to be considered the best stabilizer. Urea also increases the mechanical strength and the appearance of moldings. There are 3 tables and 8 references: 5 English, 2 Polish and 1 Soviet.

✓

ASSOCIATION: Instytut Tworzyw Sztucznych, Warszawa (Institute of Plastics, Warsaw)

SUBMITTED: April 2, 1960

Card 1/1

P/014/62/041/001/004/004
D204/D304

AUTHORS: Sadowska, Wanda, Zakrzewski, Lech, and Fejgin, Jerzy

TITLE: Stabilization of polyformaldehyde (PFA), Part I.

PERIODICAL: Przemysł chemiczny, v. 41, no. 1, 1962, 40 - 43

TEXT: The object of this work was to compare the effect of a number of anti-oxidants on preventing the decomposition of PFA. 23 Commercial anti-oxidants, chiefly amines and phenols, were tried on acetylated PFA, by measuring (1) the thermal degradation coefficient, k, defined as the percentage loss in weight per minute on heating at 210°C and (2) the reduced viscosity, at 140°C. Ubbelohde's viscometer was employed for the latter tests, on solutions containing 0.5 g PFA in 100 ml of solvent (dimethyl formamide + 0.5 % diphenylamine). Measured quantities of stabilizers were added to the PFA which was then treated according to ASTM D 1238-52 T and tested as above. It was found that the most effective stabilizers were the aryl derivatives of naphthylamine and p-diphenyl diamine and several alkylated phenols. Organic sulphides showed no stabili-

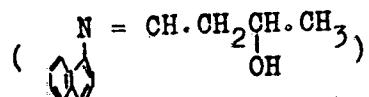
✓

Card 1/2

P/014/62/041/001/004/004
D204/D304

Stabilization of polyformaldehyde ...

zing effects. Additional investigations, using the most promising stabilizers at 210°C, showed that the optimum concentrations were: anti-oxidant 4010 - 0.5 %, Nonox WSP - 1.0 %, anti-oxidant AH - 0.25 %, Topanol A - 2.0 %, Nonox EX - 2.0 %, Age Rite Resin D - 0.5%. ✓
Antioxidant AH



is therefore thought to be the best. Further research on the stabilization of PFA will be carried out using mixtures of anti-oxidants and polyamides and determining the induction period before decomposition. There are 5 tables and 16 references: 3 Soviet-bloc and 13 non-Soviet-bloc. The 4 most recent references to the English-language publications read as follows: U.S. Patent 2,893,972 (1959) U.S. Pat. 2,936,298 (1960); Brit.Pat. 835,841 (1960); Brit.Pat. 854,278 (1960).

ASSOCIATION: Instytut tworzyw sztucznych (Synthetic Materials Institute)

Card 2/2

FEJGIN, Jerzy

Limiting viscosity number of linear high polymers. Pt. 2.
Polimery tworząc wielk. 7 no. 6:193-196 Je '62.

1. Instytut Tworzyw Sztucznych, Warszawa.

SADOWSKA, Wanda; ZAKRZEWSKJ, Lech; FEJGIN, Jerzy

Stabilization of polyformaldehyde. Pt. 1. Przem chem 41 no.1:40-43
Ja '62.

1. Instytut Tworzyw Sztucznych, Warszawa

FEJGIN, Jerzy

Progress in the field of thermoplastic formaldehyde polymers.
Przem chem 41 no.8:423-426 Ag '62.

1. Instytut Tworzyw Sztucznych, Warszawa.

S/081/63/000/003/025/036
B144/B186

AUTHOR: Fejgin, Jerzy

TITLE: Intrinsic viscosity of linear high polymers. Part I.

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 3, 1963, 576, abstract
3S16 (Polimery, tworzywa wielkocząsteczkowe, v. 7, no. 5,
1962, 157-162 [Pol. summaries in Eng. and Russ.])

TEXT: The general conditions affecting the interaction of polymer
and solvent are described and discussed, together with the hydrodynamic
theory of viscosity and the general theory of Flory - Fox.
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

ORSZAGH, A.; FEJGIN, J.

Studies on the viscosity properties of diluted solutions
of aliphatic chain polyesters. Polimery tworz wielk 8 no.6:
233-236 Je '63.

1. Katedra Technologii Chemicznej, Uniwersytet, Warszawa.

FEJGIN, Jerzy

Viscosity as depending on the concentration of diluted
solutions of linear polymers. Polimery tworz wielk 8
no. 7/8:264-267 Jl-Ag'63.

1. Instytut Tworzyw Sztucznych, Warszawa.

FEJGIN, M.

~~Prof. Dr. Anastazy Landau. Polski tygod. lek. 6 no.5-6:
137-138 5 Feb 1951.~~
(CIML 20:11)

FEJGIN, M.

Pathogenesis of pernicious anemia (of the Addison-Biermer type); new trends and ideas. Polski. tygod. lek 6 no.49-50; (CLML 22:2)
1588-1596 10 Dec 1951.

1. Of the Internal Department (Head--Col. Docent Mieczyslaw Feigin,
M. D.) of M O N Hospital.

FEJGIN, M.

Shock as circulatory insufficiency (collapse). *Wiadomosci lek.* ?
no.4:247-254 Apr. 54.
(SHOCK.)

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw; CZAPLICKI, Sylvester

Two cases of subacute endocarditis; difficulties in differential diagnosis and significance of serum proteins. Polskie arch. med. wewntrz. 24 no.4:563-575 1954.

1. Z Oddzialu Wewn. Szpitala M.O.N. Kierownik: doc. dr med. M.Fejgin.

(RHEUMATIC HEART DISEASES,

blood proteins & differ. diag.)

(ENDOCARDITIS, subacute bacterial,

blood proteins & differ. diag.)

(BLOOD PROTEINS, in various diseases,

rheum. & subacute bact. endocarditis)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412820

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

Radiation sickness. Wiadomosci lek. 8 no.6:241-246 June '55.
(RADIATION SICKNESS, pathology)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412820C

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw; Czaplicki, Sylvester

Clinical importance of own modification of the examination of the contents of the duodenum after administration of methylene blue.
Polski tygod. lek. 10 no.6:161-167 7 Feb 55.

1. Z oddzialu Wewnetrsnego szpitala M.O.N.; kierownik naukowy doc.
dr. med. M.Fejgin

(GALLBLADDER, diseases
diag., exam. of duodenum contents after admin. of methylene
blue)

(DUODENUM
contents exam. after admin. of methylene blue in gallbladder
dis.)

(METHYLENE BLUE
duodenal contents test in gallbladder dis.)

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

Problems in renal diseases. Polski tygod. lek. 10 no.31:
1013-1018 1 Sept 55.

1. Warszawa, Koszykowa 79A.
(KIDNEYS, diseases
pathol. & clinic, current status.

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

Takayashu. Polski tygod. lek. 11 no.49:2077-2081 3 Dec 56.

1. (Z oddzialu wewnetrznego Lecznicy Ministerstwa Zdrowia;
kierownik: prof. dr. med. M. Fejgin) Warszawa, Koszykowa
79a m. 3.

(AORTA, diseases,
aortic arch synd., Takayasu type, first case in
Poland (Pol))

(ARTERITIS, case reports,
same))

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

Late pregnancy toxemias. Gin. polska 28 no.4:443-454 July-Aug
56.

1. Z Oddzialy Wewnetrznego Szpitala M.O.N. Kierownik: prof. dr.
M. Fejgin, Warszawa, Koszykowa 79a m. 3.
(PREGNANCY TOXEMIA,
late (Pol))

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

80th birthday anniversary of Professor Anastazy Landau.
Polski tygod. lek. 12 no.2:41-42 7 Jan 57.

1. Adres: Warszawa, ul. Koszykowa 79a m 3.
(BIOGRAPHIES
Landau, Anastazy (Pol))

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

Recent data on the physiology and pathology of adrenal glands.
Polski tygod. lek. 12 no.2:56-63 7 Jan 57.

1. (Z Lecznicy Min. Zdrowia; dyr. dr. med. J. Winer). Adres:
Warszawa, ul. Koszykowa 79a/m. 3.
(ADRENAL GLANDS, dis.
physiopathol. (Pol))

FEYGIN, M.[Fejgin, M], prof. (Varshava)

Some basic problems of the clinical picture of kidney diseases.
Klin.med. 36 no.10:103-106 O '58
(KIDNEY DISEASES, manifest.
(Rus))

(MIRA 11:11)

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw; STILLER, Arnold

On combined coronary insufficiency. Polski tygod. lek. 14 no.39:
1743-1748 28 Sept 59.

1. (Z Oddzialu Wewnetrznego Szpitala Czerniakowskiego w Warszawie;
ordinator: prof. dr med. M. Fejgin).
(CORONARY DISEASE, compl.)

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw (Warszawa, ul. Stepinska 19, Szpital Czerniakowski)

Renal lesions in joint disease & in gout. Polski tygod. lek. 14
no.15:688-691 13 Apr 59.

1. (Z Oddzialu Chorob Wewnętrznych Szpitala Czerniakowskiego w
Warszawie: ordynator: prof. dr med. M. Fejgin)
(KIDNEYS, pathol.

in gout & joint dis. (Pol))

(GOUT, pathol.
kidneys (Pol))

(JOINTS, dis.

with kidney dis. (Pol))

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw, prof. dr.; JAGLARZ, Wieslawa, dr.

Pyloric canal syndrome. Wiad. lek. 18 no.4:287-292 15 F '65

1. Z Oddzialu Wewn. Szpitala Czerniakowskiego (Ordynator: prof. dr. M. Fejgin) i z Zakladu Radiologii Szpitala Czerniakowskiego (Kierownik: dr. W. Jaglarz).

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw, prof. dr.

On idiopathic hematochromatosis (based on our observation of rheumatic myocarditis with severe circulatory insufficiency in idiopathic hematochromatosis. Wiad. lek. 18 no.8:633-637 15 Ap '65

1. Z Oddzialu Chorob Wewnetrznych Szpitala Czerniakowskiego w Warszawie (Ordynator: prof. dr. M. Fejgin).

RYKOWSKI, Henryk; RUDOWSKI, Witold, prof. dr. med.; KRZESKI, Tadeusz, dr. med.; LITWIN, Franciszek, doc. dr. med.; FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw, prof. dr. med.; MARZINEK, Boleslaw

2 cases of surgical treatment of renal hypertension. Pol. tyg. lek. 20 no.10:359-360 8 Mr '65.

1. Z I Kliniki Chirurgicznej Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. J. Kubiak); z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego Szpitala Wojewodzkiego (Ordynator: prof. dr. med. W. Rudowski); z Oddzialu Urologicznego Szpitala Wojewodzkiego (Ordynator: dr. med. T. Krzeski); z Oddzialu Wewnetrznego Szpitala Wojewodzkiego (Ordynator: doc. dr. med. F. Litwin) i z Oddzialu Wewnetrznego Szpitala Czerniakowskiego w Warszawie (Ordynator: prof. dr. med. M. Fejgin) oraz z I Kliniki Chirurgicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. J. Nielubowicz).

SENDECKI, Witold; MOCHNACKA, Irena; SIEDLIECKA, Barbara; FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

A case of saccharosuria. Acta med. Pol. 6 no.2:235-240 '65.

1. Department of Physiological Chemistry, Medical Academy, Warsaw
(Director: Prof. Dr. I. Mochnacka) and Czerniakowski Hospital,
Warsaw (Director: Dr. W. Kaflinski).

FEJGIN, Mieczyslaw

Extended indication for tracheotomy. Wiad. lek. 18 no.9:743-745
1 My '65.

1. Z Oddzialu Chorob Wewnetrznych Szpitala Czerniakowskiego w
Warszawie (Ordynator: prof. dr. med. M. Fejin).

1.12
"Cyclone garnish slivovitz strudl. Ed. 1.⁷ Prague, Statni vyd. Technické literatury. (Obrázky výroby pro slivovitzový) Operativní výroba výrobků slivovice. Test ed. illus., 1/1/1 diagra.. ročn., 7. 1957."

1.12 (1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Review of Books of Foreign Accession (LITERATURA, No. 7, Nov. 1958, 1958)

COUNTRY	:	Czechoslovakia	H-52
CATEGORY	:		
ABS. JOUR.	:	RZKhim., No. 51960, No.	20557
AUTHOR	:	<u>Fejkl, F.</u>	
INST.	:	Not given	
TITLE	:	Fur from Synthetic Fibers	
ORIG. PUB.	:	Textil (Czechoslovakia), 19, no 8, 269-291 (1958)	
ABSTRACT	:	The production and properties of artificial fur from polyamide, polyester, and polyacrylonitrile fibers are described.	M. Lyuksemburg
CARD:	1/1	408	

FEJKIEL, W.

Therapeutic application of oxygen in hypertension. Przegl. lek.,
Krakow 7 no.11-12:426-429 1951. (CIML 22:1)

1. Of the First Clinic of Internal Diseases (Head--Prof. Leon Toshowicz,
M. D.) of Krakow Medical Academy.

FEJKIEL, Wladyslaw

Critics of empirism in therapy of hypertension. Przegl. lek.,
Krakow 11 nol:6-13 Jan 55.

1. Z I kliniki chor. wewn. A.M., kierownik: prof. dr. L.Tochowicz.
(HYPERTENSION, therapy
empirism, critics)